## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20314-1000

CEPM

REGULATION NO. 190-1-50

30 November 87

### MILITARY POLICE LAW ENFORCEMENT POLICY, U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Limited supplementation of this regulation is permitted but is not required. If supplements are issued DIVCDR and CDR, separate FOA will furnish one copy of each of CDRUSACE (CEPM) and (CEIM-PD), WASH D.C. 20314-1000; DISTCDR will furnish required copies to appropriate DIVCDR.

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this regulation is to establish law enforcement policies for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, to define authority and jurisdiction and to provide procedures for liaison with appropriate law enforcement authorities, and for reporting, recording, investigating and analyzing offenses/incidents concerning USACE personnel or property.
- 2. Applicability. This regulation applies to all HQUSACE/OCE elements and all separate field operating activities (FOA). Oversea USACE commanders should consult with the appropriate legal counsel to determine to what extent the provisions of treaties or agreements, or the provisions of local laws may render inapplicable, in whole, or in part, the provisions of this regulation. However, this regulation does not apply to reporting of violation of rules and regulations contained in 36 CFR 327. Reporting of such violations will be in accordance with ER 1130-2-420. Serious incidents will be reported IAW AR 90-40. Aircraft and accidental mishaps will be reported IAW AR 385-40.
- 3. References. See Appendix A.
- 4. Explanation of Terms.
- a. <u>Serious Incident Report (SIR)</u>. Notification to HQUSACE of any reportable offense/incident falling within the criteria in AR 190-40.
- b. <u>Critical Offense/Incident Report (COIR)</u>. Telephonic notification to OCE of offenses or incidents which because of their nature, gravity, or potential publicity must be reported immediately to HQUSACE. This report pertains to offenses/incidents not reportable as SIRS, but are of sufficient importance to require notification.
- c. <u>Offense/Incident Report (OIR)</u>. A report prepared by managers (or designees) of facilities/activities of actual or alleged violations of laws, regulations, events, episodes or conditions, either criminal or noncriminal occurring on USACE facilities or involving USACE personnel.

- d. <u>Consolidated Minor Offense/Incident Report (CMOIR)</u>. A monthly consolidation of minor offenses/incident involving loss, theft of, or damage to government property valued at \$250 or less and private property regardless of value, occurring at USACE facilities/activities.
- e. <u>Engineer Law Enforcement Activities Report</u>. A quarterly consolidated statistical and analytical report by divisions and separate FOA indicating criminal activities and status of DPI/DPA systems occurring at Corps facilities/activities.
- f. <u>Civilian Law Enforcement Agency</u>. Any State, local or Federal nonmilitary public law enforcement agency.

#### 5. Policy.

#### a. <u>Investigations</u>.

- (1) Suspected or alleged offenses/incidents involving USACE military or civilian personnel, or USACE property, must be investigated to determine if any violation of law, lawful order, regulation, or directive has occurred. At the time it is determined that an allegation or incident appears to be criminal, appropriate investigating agencies will be notified. USACE Security and Law Enforcement personnel will not investigate criminal offenses unless they are certified Military Police Investigators. This does not preclude Security and Law Enforcement personnel from conducting an inquiry of alleged incidents to ascertain the requirement for a full investigation by appropriate agencies charged with that responsibility.
- (2) Any commissioned officer assigned or directed by the Commander, USACE/OCE is authorized to investigate any allegation or incident under AR 15-6. When determined by an AR 15-6 investigation that a criminal offense has occurred, the investigation will be referred to the appropriate investigative agency.

### b. Authority and Jurisdiction.

(1) In the original acquisition of lands at USACE civil works facilities/activities, USACE generally obtains and asserts only a proprietorial interest. The state criminal code, except where it would interfere with or disrupt legitmate Federal functions, is the effective criminal code. USACE has promulgated regulations governing the public use of USACE water resource development projects. These regulations are part of the criminal law applicable to a given area enforced by the issuance of citations by USACE Rangers which require alleged violators to appear before a United States magistrate (36 CFR 327, 16 USC) 460d and ER 1130-2-420). Various civilian law enforcement agencies of the State, local, and Federal Government retain the statutory authority and inherent responsibility to enforce civilian enforcement of these civilian laws.

- (2) Criminal investigative jurisdiction or responsibility.
- (a) In accordance with AR 195-2, the United States Army Criminal Investigation Command (USACIDC) is the responsible Army agency for investigating criminal incidents or allegations affecting or involving persons subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice; DOD civilians in connection with their assigned duties; Government property under Army jurisdiction; and those incidents occurring in areas under Army control or in violation of AR 600-50.
- (b) USACIDC may investigate criminal offenses committed outside military controlled installations when there is a legitimate Army interest as determined by USACIDC in coordination with the local commander. All initial requests for investigative support will be made to USACIDC rather than to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. (USACIDC Investigative Areas of Responsibility, See Appendix B). This does not preclude seeking assistance from local law enforcement agencies in cases requiring immediate response such as the commission of a violent crime.
- (c) Requests for USACIDC investigative support is limited to those incidents involving government property when the loss to the United States exceeds \$1000 or is expected to exceed that amount, and/or misconduct of Government employees in performance of their official duties. USACIDC will make every effort to investigate property related offenses, but in determining whether an investigation will be undertaken, many factors must be considered, such as: the seriousness of the offense; the total amount of actual or potential loss to the U.S. Government; whether the offense is being investigated effectively by civil police; the impact on CID resources; and the benefits to accrue to the Government as a result of a CID investigation. However, you should contact and inform CID of all property related offenses regardless of value so that trends and record-keeping actions can be accomplished by CID. Where property related offenses are less than \$1000 and CID declines to investigate but your commander feels strongly that CID should investigate, you should contact CEPM for further guidance. (See para. 7 a (3).
- (d) Loss of appropriated U.S. Government funds through fraud which involves any COE unit or personnel will be investigated IAW the thresholds established in AR 195-2 (\$500).
- (3) <u>Deputizing Corps employees</u>. The deputizing of USACE employees by local law enforcement agencies is discouraged. Those cases where Corps employees may be deputized, the employees will not perform such duties on or off USACE facilities/activities during duty hours as a USACE employee or while wearing the USACE Ranger or DOD Guard uniform. Requests for exceptions to this policy will be submitted with justification by the Division Commander to CDRUSACE (CECW) WASH D.C. 20314-1000.
- (4) <u>Security of Corps Facilities</u>. The method for protecting Corps facilities is at the discretion of the Division Commander. Arming Corps employees and maintenance of weapons at USACE projects is discussed in

USACE Supplement 1 to AR 190-14. Division and Laboratory Commanders will not arm Corps personnel unless three conditions exist. First, the known threat to the asset to be protected includes use of deadly force. Second, the criticality of the asset requires armed security upon the provisions of paragraph 4, AR 190-28. Finally, contract security, civilian law enforcement or military forces are not available to protect the asset and no other means exists to fulfill security responsibilities.

- c. <u>Liaison</u>. HQUSACE must rely on civilian law enforcement agencies to supplement the law enforcement capability at USACE facilities/activities. Close and continuous liaison must exist with these agencies to insure complete coverage. Division, district, and separate FOA security and law enforcement personnel should be aware of the need for this liaison, initiate contacts with appropriate law enforcement agencies, and have a formal liaison program or plan that includes monitoring enforcement activities of civilian law enforcement agencies at USACE facilities/activities. Security personnel should coordinate with USACE Emergency Operation Managers in preparing plans designed to aid military or civil authorities to protect Corps property in the event of civil disturbances or disasters (AR 500-50).
- d. <u>Crime Prevention Analysis</u>. Corps security and law enforcement personnel will analyze information from reports and investigations to anticipate, prevent, or monitor actual or possible criminal activities. Analysis can be used as a management tool to develop crime indicators, trends, and crime prevention techniques that assist USACE crime prevention programs at division, district, and separate FOA as required by USACE Suppl 1 to AR 190-31.
- e. <u>Training</u>. Because of the complex and wide-ranging aspects of USACE law enforcement responsibilities, it is necessary that assigned FOA security and law enforcement personnel receive training in all aspects of law enforcement. The training standards established for the Security and Law Enforcement Security Managers are: The successful completion of the equivalent course from the Department of Defense Security Institute (DoDSI). All Security Managers must have a general knowledge of physical security and the measures used to safeguard facilities from the effects of sabotage, espionage and other destructive acts. To access the vulnerabilities of facilities and to recommend physical security measures such as protective lighting, perimeter barriers, intrusion detection devices and systems, locks and locking devices and personnel screening for USACE facilities. All Security Managers must be able to assist and provide guidance in the proper classification of information, to downgrade, declassify and the safeguarding of classified documents.
- f. <u>Automation</u>. Engineer FOA are encouraged to automate the reporting of offenses/incidents utilizing the codes listed in Appendix C. The title of the offense/incident and code are required for each OIR whether or not the present system is automated. These codes will facilitate future automation application at FOA permitting consolidation of satistics at each Corps echelon.

### 6. Responsibilities.

- a. Commanders, Engineer divisions, districts, and separate field operating activities are directly responsible for maintenance of law and order at activities under their jurisdiction. Criminal incidents in the USACE affecting or involving persons subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice, civilian employees of the Department of the Army in connection with their assigned duties, and Government property under USACE jurisdiction or occurring in areas under USACE jurisdiction will be promptly reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.
- b. The HQUSACE Chief, Security and Law Enforcement, is the responsible staff officer for law enforcement matters for the Commander USACE/OCE. This includes all potential, alleged, or actual criminal investigations involving USACE property or personnel.
- c. CONUS Engineer Division Chiefs, Security and Law Enforcement and OCONUS Engineer Division Provost Marshals are the responsible staff officers for all law enforcement matters for the Division Engineer. This includes all potential, alleged, or actual criminal investigations involving USACE property or personnel.
- d. The district and separate FOA Security Officers/Managers are the responsible staff officers for all law enforcement matters for District Commanders and commanders of separate FOA. This includes all potential, alleged, or actual criminal investigation involving USACE property or personnel.

NOTE: The provisions of this paragraph (para 6) do not pertain to the Rules and Regulations Governing Public Use of Water Resource Development Projects which is the staff responsibility of Natural Resources Branch, Directorate of Civil Works in coordination with the Chief, Security and Law Enforcement.

#### 7. <u>Procedures</u>.

### a. Reporting Alleged Offenses and Incidents to Appropriate Law Enforcement Agencies.

- (1) The appropriate investigative agency will be contacted when information obtained during investigations involving USACE personnel or property appears to involve alleged or suspected criminal activity.
- (2) When an incident occurs involving a USACE facility, telephonic notification will be made by the responsible USACE division, district, laboratory, or other field activity to the nearest USACIDC field element and a copy of ENG Form 4337 (Offense/Incident Report) (App D), will be forwarded to that office. Appropriate local law enforcement agencies will also be notified in those cases requiring an immediate response. The USACIDC will determine investigative jurisdiction and further determine if a case is to be opened by USACIDC or transferred to another investigative agency. The notification will include the Report of Investigation (ROI) number or sequence number. In those instances when districts contact USACIDC the appropriate division headquarters

- will be notified through security and law enforcement channels that USACIDC has initiated an investigation. Division will, in turn, notify the Office of Security and Law Enforcement, HQUSACE. Laboratories and USACE field activities not within a division structure will report directly to the CDRUSACE (CEPM) WASH, D.C. 20314-1000.
- (3) Because U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Civil Works facilities/activities are under Army jurisdiction, the provost marshal having area responsibility also can be contacted for investigative assistance. AR 5-9 sets forth the appropriate CONUS Army installation geographic area of responsibility. By contacting the installation provost marshal, an appropriate determination can be made to provide the necessary investigative support, i.e., USACIDC and Military Police.
- (a) Direct coordination should be made to obtain timely investigative support. If difficulties are encountered, assistance can be requested through the USACE security and law enforcement technical channels.
- (b) In specific cases involving reporting of offenses/incidents by USACE Ranger personnel, guidance is contained in paragraph 6b, ER 1130-2-420.
- (4) On military installations, alleged offenses/incidents involving USACE personnel and property will be reported to appropriate security or military police.
- (5) Alleged offenses/incidents occurring off USACE facilities/activities involving USACE personnel or property will be reported to local civilian law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction.
- b. Telephonic Notification of Offenses/Incidents Through USACE Channels. Any occurrence that might be identified under paragraph 4a and b above, as being either a serious or critical offense/incident (Exempt report, paragraph 5-2c(3), AR 335-15) will be reported immediately to CDRUSACE (CEPM) WASH D.C. 20314-1000 by telephone or electrical means. CEPM will notify appropriate HQUSACE elements.
- (1) During normal duty hours, notification will be made to the Office of Security and Law Enforcement.
- (2) During nonduty hours, notification will be made to the USACE Duty Officer who will relay the report to the Office of Security and Law Enforcement.
- (3) Information will be provided by telephone or telecopier using ENG Form 4337 (Offense/Incident Report) (RCS: DAEN-PM-7) as format.
  - c. Records and Reports.
  - (1) Offense/Incident Report (OIR) (RCS: DAEN-PM-7).

- (a) ENG Form 4337 will be used to report and record offenses/ incidents listed in Appendix C, or other offenses involving USACE personnel or property. The title of the offense/incident and the corresponding code as shown in Appendix C will be entered in Item 1, ENG Form 4337. Managers (or designees) of facilities/activities will report alleged offenses/incidents on ENG Form 4337. The form will be prepared in triplicate and two copies forwarded to district or separate FOA. One copy will be retained on file. Reports may be initiated at District or separate FOA.
- (b) District or separate FOA security and law enforcement personnel will retain copy for a year and forward one copy to the Division Security and Law Enforcement Office within 5-working days of occurrence. These reports will not be forwarded to CDRUSACE (CEPM) WASH, D.C. 20314.
  - (c) This form is self-explanatory except for the following:
- 1. <u>Numbering</u>. Districts and separate FOA will number reports to show USACE facility/activity symbol, year sequence number, e.g., SAM 80-1. Offense/Incident Report will include the CID case number assigned to the report, if one has been assigned.
- 2. Type/status reports. Item 4, of ENG Form 4337, will indicate case "closed" unless follow-up information is necessary. "Initial" report will be indicated when follow-up information is required. Every 30 days a "follow-up" report is required on all unresolved cases referred to local police, CID or FBI. If no supplemental information is available, a telephonic report will be made to division. "Add-on" reports will be prepared when new information is received on case that was previously indicated as "closed." When the form is to be used as a Consolidated Minor Offense/Incident Report, the "CMOIR" block will be indicated.
- (2) <u>Consolidated Minor Offense/Incident Report (CMOIR) (RCS: DAEN-PM-</u>7).
- (a) ENG Form 4337 will be used monthly to consolidate minor offenses/incidents involving loss, theft of, and damage to Government property valued at \$250 or less occurring at each USACE facility/activity. The CMOIR will also be used to record the number of occurrences only of loss, theft of, and damage to private property occurring at USACE facilities/activities. Value of private property will be stated. For numbering purposes each CMOIR will constitute one report. Consolidation will cover the first through last day of the calendar month. The CMOIR will be prepared in triplicate as stated in Appendix D. The heading, items 4 and 5, and signature block will be the only items completed. One copy will be retained on file.

- (b) Managers (or designees) of facilities/activities will consolidate their minor offenses/incidents and submit two copies of the report monthly to divisions. These reports will not be forwarded to CEPM.
- (3) <u>Engineer Law Enforcement Criminal Activities Report (RCS: DAEN-PM-6 (R2))</u>.
- (a) ENG Form 4535-R will be completed by each engineer division and separate FOA's and forwarded to CDRUSACE (CEPM), WASH D.C. 20314-1000, within 20-working days following the end of each quarter (Jan, Apr, Jul, Oct). See Appendix E for sample ENG Form 4535-R.
  - (b) Preparation procedures are self-explanatory.
- (4) <u>Serious Incident Reports (SIR) (RCS: CSGPA-1340)</u>. SIR will be submitted in accordance with USACE Suppl 1 to AR 190-40.
- (5) <u>Crime Prevention Survey Report (CID Form 3)</u>. A copy of the Crime Prevention Survey report is forwarded to CDRUSACE (DAEN-PM) WASH D.C. 20314-1000 from U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Command for information. The Division and District Security Managers will forward a copy of Report of Corrective Action to CDRUSACE (CEPM) WASH D.C. 20314-1000.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

RŌBĒRT C. LEE

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Chief of Staff

4 Appendixes

App A - References

App B - USACIDC Investigative Areas of Responsibility

App C - Offense Codes

App D - Offense/Incident Report (ENG Form 4337)

### APPENDIX A REFERENCES

16 U.S.C. 460d

Title 36 CFR 327

AR 5-9

AR 15-6

AR 190-31

AR 190-40

AR 195-2

AR 335-15

AR 385-40

AR 500-50

AR 600-50

ER 1130-2-420

### APPENDIX B USACIDC INVESTIGATIVE AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

IF ASSIGNED TO AND A FELONY CRIME OCCURS

IN THESE COUNTIES/STATES

THEN REPORT THE

CRIME TO THIS CID

OFFICE

New England Division

Vermont-parts of Essex, Caledonia, Ruthland, Bennington all- Washington, Orange, Windsor Windham, Clinton

Ft Devens, MA

States - Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode

Island, Connecticut excluding

Fairfield County

North Atlantic Division

New York

Fairfield County

Ft Dix, NJ

State of New York Counties
Parts of counties: Orange,

Ulster, Schoharie, Putnam

West Point, NY

Fort Dix, NJ

Rensseelaer, Schenectady, Albany,

Columbia, Dutchness

Counties: Essex, Warren, Saratoga, Fulton, Montgomery, Washington,

-- Chittenden, Franklin, Orleans parts Fort Devens, MA of Clinton, Franklin, Hamilton, Herkimer, Bennington, Rutland,

Herkimer, Bennington, Rutland, Addison, La Moille Counties.

State of New Jersey, boroughs of New York City, Westchester, parts

of Sussex, Morris, Mormouth,

Somerset, Hunterdon, Nassau. The counties of - Passaic, Borgen,

Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk

Philadelphia

New Jersey - Burlington, Atlantic, Cumberland, Gloucester, Salem, Cambridge, Ocean, Mercer Counties

Pennsylvania - Delaware, Montgomery, Fort Dix, NJ

Buck, Lehigh, North Hampton,

Philadelphia. Parts of Hunterdon, Kent, Sussex, New Castle, Delaware

Counties

Parts of Delaware, Ulster, Sullivan Philadelphia (cont.)

> counties. Pennsylvania counties of Berks, Schuylkill, Wayne, Carbon,

Monroe, Pike.

Baltimore State of Maryland excluding the

portion within the National Capital

Beltway

National Capital Beltway area

Pennsylvania Counties

New York Counties

Virginia counties of Fairfax, Prince William, Loudoun, Shenandoah

Frederick, Page, Fanquier, Augusta, - West Virginia counties of Berkeley,

Grant, Hardy, Hampshire, Jefferson,

Mineral, Morgan, Tucker

Norfolk Virginia counties of Nansemond,

Isle of Wright, Southhampton, Surry, Sussex, James City, York, Gloucester,

Mathews, Middlesex, King and Queen, Fort Eustis, VA

Essex, Lancaster, Richmond, Northumberland, Northhampton, Accomack, Chesapeake and the City

of Newport News

VA counties - Greene, Louisa,

Albermarine, Hanover, King William, Fort Lee, VA New Kent, Charles City, King William,

Dinwiddie, Hanover, and all areas

south and west there of.

Ohio River Division

Louisville Logan, Todel counties in Kentucky. Fort Campbell, KY

Kentucky counties Ohio counties

Indiana counties Fort Benjamin

Harrison

Fort Knox, KY

Fort Meade, MD

Fort Meade, MD

Fort Myer, VA

Fort Dix, NJ

Fort Devens, MA

Ft Belvoir, VA

State of Illinois counties of

Effirighan, Richland, Lawrence part Fort Sheridan, IL

of Shelby and all areas north.

Ohio River Division Louisville (cont.)	State of Illinois counties of Clay, Wayne, Edwes, WAB Hamiliton, White, Salines Galla, Johnson Pope, Pula, Hard. Parts of Franklin and Wilminson and Union.	Fort Leonard Wood, MS
Pittsburgh	State of Ohio and West Virginia counties	Fort Knox, KY
	State of Pennsylvania counties	Fort Meade, MD
	State of New York counties	Fort Devens, MA
Nashville	All counties in Tennessee, Kentucky counties of Todd, Logan, Trigg and Christian.	Fort Campbell
	Counties in Kentcky	Fort Knox, KY
	Counties in Alabama	Fort McClellan, AL
	Counties in South Carolina	Fort Jackson, SC
Huntington	State of West Virginia counties	Fort Knox, KY
•	State of Kentucky counties	Fort Knox, KY
	State of Ohio counties	Fort Knox, KY
••	State of Virginia counties	Fort Belvoir, VA
	State of North Carolina counties	Fort Bragg, NC
North Central Division		
Detroit	State of Michigan south of the Straits of Mackinac, Upper Penisula counties of Alger and Delta and the remainder east of thereof, excluding the counties of Marquette, Menominec and all areas westward. State of Michigan Upper Penisula	Fort Benjamin Harrison
	counties Marquette, Menominee and the remainder west thereof State of Wisconsin counties, State of Minnesota counties.	Fort Sheridan, IL
Buffalo	Ohio counties	Fort Knox, KY
	New York counties	Fort Devens, MA

Chicago Counties of Iowa, Illinois, Fort Sheridan, IL Wisconsin, Minnesota and Indiana St. Paul Counties in Minnesota, Wisconsin Fort Sheridan, IL North Dakota counties Fort Riley, KS South Atlantic Division Wilmington Counties in North Carolina Fort Bragg, NC Counties in Virginia Fort Lee, VA Charleston States of South Carolina excluding the counties of Hampton, Allendale, Barnwell, Aiken, Edgefield, McCormick, Abberville, Anderson, Fort Jackson, SC Oconee, Pickens, Greenville, Spartanburg, Laurens, Greenwood, Saluda Part of counties of South Carolina Fort Gordon, GA not covered by Ft Jackson, SC Savannah Part of South Carolina counties Jasper, Hampton, Barnwell, Aiken, Eljefield, McCormick, Greenwood, Apperville, Anderson, OConee, Fort Gordon, GA Pickens, Morgan, Baldwin, Wilkinson, Laurens, Emanuel, Jurkins, Screven and all areas north thereof. Georgia counties of Effingham, Bullock, Candler, Toomes, Montgomery, Trentle, Wheeler, Telfair, parts of Coffee, Ware all-areas east Fort Stewart, GA thereof Florida counties Nassau and Baker. Georgia counties of Butts, Jasper, Fort McPherson, Newton GA Jacksonville Florida counties of Columbia, Gilcrist, Dixie all counties west of Georgia counties of Wilcox, Fort Benning, GA Ben Hill, Irwin, Berrian, Lanier, and west of Clinch county. Florida counties of Union, Alachua, Fort Stewart, GA Levy and all areas south thereof.

District

Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Fort McPherson, Central and South America; that portion of the North and South Panama Field Atlantic Ocean bounded by longitude Office 30 degrees west and latitude 10 degrees north. Mobile Florida counties, Georgia counties. Alabama counties of Sumter, Greene, Hall, Perry, Chilton, Coosa, Talla- Fort Benning, GA poosa, Chambers and all areas south. Mississippi counties of Kemper, Neshoba and all areas south thereof. Alabama counties of Pickens, Tusca-Fort McClellan, loosa, Bibb, Shelby, Talladega, Clay, Randolph all areas north AL thereof. Lower Mississippi Valley Division State of Louisiana counties State New Orleans Fort Polk, LA of Arkansas Counties State of Mississippi counties part of Neshoba, Warren, Yazoo, Madison, Fort Benning, GA Leake and south thereof. Mississippi counties of Essaquena, Sharkey, Humphreys, Homes, Attala, Fort McClellan, Winston, Noxubee all areas north AL thereof. Memphis Mississippi Counties Fort McClellan, State of Arkansas and Louisiana Fort Polk, AL Counties State of Missouri Counties Fort Leonard Wood, MS State of Tennessee counties Fort Campbell St. Louis Missouri counties, Illinois Counties Fort Leonard Wood Southwestern Division Little Rock State of Arkansas counties Fort Polk

	State of Missouri counties	Fort Leonard Wood
Galveston	Louisiana parishes	Fort Polk, LA
	Texas counties of Newton, Jasper, Tyler, Polk, San Jacinto Montgomery, Grimes, Washington	Fort Hood, TX
	Texas counties not covered by Fort Hood Texas.	Fort Sam Houston,  TX
Tulsa	State of Oklahoma counties and State of Texas Counties	Fort Sill, OK
	State of Kansas Counties	Fort Riley, KS
	State of Missouri Counties	Fort Leonard Wood
Fort Worth	Texas counties of Newton, Jasper, Tyler, Polk, San Jacinto, Montgomery Grimes, Washington, Burleston, Milan, Williamson, Burnet, Llano, Mason, Kimble, Sutton, Crockett, Reagan, Glasscock, Howard, Borden, Lynn, Garza, Kent, Stonewall, Haskel Throckmorton, Young, Jack, Wise, Cooke, Grayson, Frannin, Lamar, Delta, Hopkins, Wood, Smith, Rusk, Panola and the areas enclosed therei Texas counties of Bowie, Red River, Titus Morris, Cass, Camp, Marion, Franklin, Gregg, Harrison Upshur Texas counties of Valoerde, Edwards, Kerr, Gillespic, Blanlo, Travis, Lee, Fayette, Austin, Waller, Harris, Liberty, Hardin, Orange and all areas south thereof.	Fort Hood, TX  1,  n.  Fort Polk, LA
Albuquerque	State of Colorado counties	Fort Carson, CO
	State of New Mexico counties. Texas counties of Terrell, Pecos, Upton, Midland, Martin, Terry and all areas west thereof.	Fort Bliss, TX
Missouri River Division	l .	
Omaha	State of South and North Dakota counties. State of Nebraska counties.	Fort Riley, KS

	State of Montana counties	Fort Lewis, WA
	State of Colorado counties	Fort Carson, CO
Kansas City	State of Missouri excluding the counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Caldwell, Carroll, Cheriton, Clay, Clinton, Daviess, Dekalb, Gentry, Gundy, Harrison, Holt, Jackson, Lafayette, Linn, Livington, Mercer, Nodaway, Platte, Putnam, Ray, Saline, Sullivan and Worth.	Fort Leonard Wood
	State Missouri counties of Jackson, Lafayette, Saline, Chairton, Linn, Sullivan, Putnam and all areas westward. State of Kansas counties, State of Nebraska counties.	Fort Riley, KS
	State of Iowa counties	Fort Sheridan, IL
	State of Colorado counties	Fort Carson, CO
South Pacific Division		
	Part of the California counties Tulare and Inyo and all areas south thereof Clark County in Nevada.	Fort Ord, CA
-	State of Nevada counties except Clark County.	San Francisco Field Office, CA
	State of Arizona counties	Fort Bliss, TX
	State of Utah counties	Fort Carson, CO
San Francisco	California counties of Santa Cruz, San Benito, Fresho and areas south thereof.	Fort Ord, CA
	California counties San Mateo, Santa Clara and areas north thereof.	San Francisco Field Office
Sacramento	California counties of Fresno, Tulare, Kerr, Inyo, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara	Fort Ord, CA
	California counties of San Benito, Fresno, and areas north thereof. State of Nevada counties.	San Francisco Field Office

> State of Utah counties, state of Colorado counties, state of Wyoming

counties, state of Idaho counties.

Fort Carson, CO

State of Arizona counties, state of

New Mexico counties

Fort Bliss, TX

State Oregon counties

Fort Lewis, WA

North Pacific Division

Alaska State of Alaska Alaska Field

Office

State of Oregon counties, state of Portland

Fort Lewis, WA

Washington counties

Seattle State of Washington counties,

state of Idaho counties, State of

Fort Lewis, WA

Montana counties.

Walla Walla State of Idaho counties of Payette,

> Gem, Boise, Blaine, Butte, Clark, Fremont, all areas south. State of

Wyoming counties and state of Utah

counties.

Fort Carson, CO

State of Nevada counties

San Francisco

Field Office

State of Oregon counties, state of Washington counties, state of Idaho

counties of Washington, Adams Valley, Fort Lewis, WA

Caster, Lemhi and all areas of

north thereof.

Pacific Ocean Division

State of Hawaii

Hawaii District

Far East District

Seoul

(Seventh Region)

Japan District

Japan

(Seventh Region)

Europe Division

Second Region

Middle East Division (Rear)

First Region -Fort Lee Field

Office

Middle East Division

Second Region

### USACIDS INVESTIGATIVE AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY (ADDENDUM)

IF ASSIGNED TO

AND A FELONY CRIME OCCURS

THEN REPORT THE

IN THESE COUNTIES/STATES

CRIME TO THIS

North Central Division

Rock Island

State of Iowa Counties, Wisconsin Counties, Counties of Henderson, McDonough, Fulton, Mason, Sangamon, Shelby, Effingham, Richland, Lawrence

and all areas North.

Ft Sheridan, IL

Lower Mississippi Valley Division

Vicksburg

State of Louisiana Counties, State

of Arkansas Counties

Ft Polk, LA

Mississippi Counties of Warren, Yazoo, Madison, Lake, Neshoba, Kemper and all areas South thereof

Ft. Benning, GA

Mississippi Counties of Issaquena. Sharkey, Humphreys, Homes, Ahala, Winston, Noxubee, and all areas

North thereof.

Ft. McClellan,

AL

5K100

#### APPENDIX C OFFENSE CODES

Basic categories of criminal offenses. The following numbers serve to identify the category of criminal offenses, and will be found in the first position of the offense code:

OFFENSE/INCIDENT AGAINST	CODE
Persons	5
Sex Offense	6
Property	7
Fraud	8
Detailed offense code list. The basic offense categories subdivided as follows:	are further
5 CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	
5C Assaults	
- Aggravated Assault	5C100
- Simple Assault	5C200
5D Child Abuse	
- Child Neglect/Mistreatment	5D100
5E Civil Rights	
- Civil Rights	5E100
5H Homicide	
- Murder	5Н100
<ul> <li>Other deaths (discovered bodies resulting from unnatural causes, manslaughter, etc.)</li> </ul>	5н600
- Accidental Death (Other than traffic or drowning)	5н800
5K Kidnapping	

5L Controlled Substance Violations

- Kidnapping

	190-1-50 Nov 87	
	- Opiates	5L100
	- Marijuana	5L200
	- Dangerous Drugs	5L300
	- Hallucinogens	5L400
	- Other	5L500
5M	Perjury, False Swearing, and False Official Statement	
	- False Official Statement	5M300
5N	Robbery	
	- Robbery, Armed	5N100
	- Robbery, Unarmed	5N200
5P	Suicide	
	- Suicide on Corps Property (Attempted)	5P100
	- Suicide (Successful)	5P200
5Q	Traffic	
	- Traffic Fatality	5Q100
	- Drunk Driving	5Q200
	- Fleeing Scene of an Accident	5Q300
	- Traffic accident involving personal injury or destruction of property	5Q400
	- Other	5Q500
5R	Weapons/Explosives Violation	
	- Unlawful Possession	5R200
	- Other	5R300
5Т	Communications Incidents CODE	
	- Telephone Threats	5T200
	- Bomb Threats	5T300

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5X Other Offenses Against Persons	
- Trespass	5X100
- Disorderly Conduct	5X200
- Others not Listed	5X300
6 SEX CRIMES	
6C Incident Exposure	
- Incident Exposure	6C100
6E Rape	
- Rape on Corps Property	6E100
- Attempted Rape	6E200
6X Other Sex Offenses	
- Other	6X100
7 CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY	
7A Arson	
- Government Property	7A100
- Contractor Property	7A200
- Private Property	7A300
7C Burglary	
- Government Property	7C100
- Contractor Property	7C200
- Private Property	7C300
7D Housebreaking	
- Government Property	7D100
- Contractor Property	7D200
- Private Property	7D300
7F Larceny	
- Government Property	7F100

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- Contractor Property	7F200
- Private Property	7F300
7G Wrongful Appropriation	
- Government Property	7G100
- Contractor Property	7G200
- Private Property	7G300
7H Wrongful Disposition	
- Government Property	7Н100
- Contractor Property	7Н200
- Private Property	7Н300
7J Postal Violations	
- Larceny	7J100
- Loss through Neglect	7J200
- Destruction	7J300
- Other	7J400
7K Wrongful Destruction (Vandalism)	
- Government Property	7K100
- Contractor Property	7K200
- Private Property	7K300
7L Recovery of Stolen/Lost Property	
- Government Property	7L100
- Contractor Property	7L200
- Private Property	7L300
8 CRIMINAL FRAUD	
- Bribery	8A100

- Funds

8C100

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- Pay and Allowances	8D100
- Overtime	8E100
- Procurement/Salvage/Property Disposal	8F100
- POL Items	8G100
- Contract Compliance	8H100
- Other	8J100

# APPENDIX D OFFENSE/INCIDENT REPORT (ENG Form 4337)

	OFFENSE/INCIDENT (ER-190-1-50)	REPORT	RCS: DAEN-PM7
REPORT NO.	MPI/GIO NO	).	DATE OF REPORT
TO:		FROM:	
1. OFFENSE/INCIDENT TITLE CODE	☐ PERSON ☐ PROPERTY ☐ FRAUD ☐ SEX OFFENSE	IF YES, NUMBER	EINVOLVED: YES NO NVOLVED SUBJECT
<ol> <li>LOCATION (Include county, suinstallation facility or recreation</li> </ol>	ile or lerritory in which person erse involved is located)	DATE	
J. REPORTED BY		ADDRESS	
4. TYPE/STATUS OF REPORT	DINITIAL S		ADD-ON D CMOIR
		·	
S. DREPORTED	A REFERRED TO	□ LOCAL PO	LICE SHERIFF
STATE POLICE	□ MP1		FBI OTHER (SPECIFY)
7. RECOMMENDED PREVENTIVI	ECORRECTIVE ACTION, IF	APPROPRIATÉ	
L DOLLAR VALUE L GOVERNMENT PROPERTY	<u> </u>	b. CONTRACTOR	PROPERTY \$
I. OCCUPRED ON/AGAINST  CORPS PERSONNEL, EQUIP OTHER THAN RECREATIO  RECREATION AREAS PRIVATE PERSONNEL OR I	N AREAS	INVOLVED  VANDALISM TO  LARCENY OF C	O CORPS PROPERTY CORPS PROPERTY
NAME, GRADE AND TITLE OF R	EFORTING OFFICER	SIGNATURE	
NG 1 JUN 40 4337	EDITION	OF 1 MARCH 1978 IS OBSOLE	7E TUS, Seminaria Princip (1916-1914-1917)

D-1

# APPENDIX E ENGINEER LAW ENFORCEMENT CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES REPORT (ENG Form 4535-R)

	ENGINEER LAW ENF CRIMINAL ACTIVITI (ER 190-1-1	R LAW ENFOI L ACTIVITIES (ER 190-1-50)	ENGINEER LAW ENFORCEMENT CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES REPORT (ER 190-1-50)		1. REPORTING ACTIVITY	TING A	CTIVITY				2. AEP	2, REPORTING PERIOD	PERIOD	DAEN	RCS DAEN-PM-6(R2)
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			GOVE	GOVERNMENT	,				ACTOR		$\dashv$		PRIVATE	ATE	
4 -	, TYPE	OPERAT	JONAL AREA	RECRE	ATIONA	REA	OPERATIONA		RECRE	RECREATIONAL AREA	_	OPERATIONAL AREA	AL AREA	RECREAT	RECREATIONAL AREA
Zw	CRIME	NO. OF INCI- DENTS	DOLLAR VALUE	NO OF INCI DENTS	DOLLAR		NO. OF INCI. DENTS	al rep	NO. OF INCL. DENTS	DOLLAR	NO OF INCL DENTS		DOLLAR VALUE	NO. OF INCI. DENTS	DOLLAR
-	Vandalism							rod			<u> </u>	+			•
2								du  -				_			
9	Burglary							F ct:  -							
4	Arson							O. ior 			L				
2	Bombing							K i a							
9	Other (Specify in Remarks)							ILL uth							
7	TOTAL							US1 orize							
٠.					CRIME	SAGAIN	CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	ed I				1		9	FRAUD
	-		0	OPERATIONAL AREA	AL AREA			- 1		RECREATIONAL AREA	L AREA			A NO OF INCIDENTS	CIDENTS
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- z	10	NUMBER	•	CORPS				ON lar		CORPS	_			DOLLAR VALUE	VALUE
w		INCIDENTS	ITS SUBJECTS		VICTIMS TR	THACTOR	PRIVATE	ık n	S SUBJECTS	ECTS VICTIMS		TRACTOR	PRIVATE	at a	
8	Criminal Homicide			-				JR nas	+						RECOVERED PROPERTY
G)								P(				-		Hod)	ar Value)
의:	Robbery			-				)S) rs (						A GOVERNMENT	WENT
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12	Other (Specify in Remarks)							ON ailai						6 CONTRACTOR	стоя
13	TOTAL							LY ole f						e. PRIVATE	
7. H	7. REMARKS (Continue on Reverse)	Reverses						ro			-	1			
								m lo					· · ·	PRIMAR	PRIMARY FACILITY SURVEYS
								cal FM(					<u> </u>	M. NO. PROGRAMED	RAMED
	·							))					<u> </u>	b. NO. COMPLETED	LETED
.5	*State reason why programed aurvey(s) not completed	survey(s) no	t completed												
<u>.</u>	9. PREPARED BY (Nume and Tille)	d Teple)					10 DATE		11, \$19	11. SIGNATURE					
Ιž	ENG FORM 4535 R, JUL 85	85				EDIT	ON OF JUN	EDITION OF JUN 80 IS OBSOLETE.	ETE.						